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4 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
5 DISTRICT OF NEVADA

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7 EBONY BIDDLE,

8 Plaintiff(s),

Case No. 2:16-CV-2582 JCM (PAL)

ORDER

9 v.

10 BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., et al.,

11 Defendant(s).

12
13 Presently before the court is defendant Bank of America, N.A.'s ("BANA") motion to
14 dismiss. (ECF No. 4). Co-defendant Northwest Trustee Services, Inc. joined that motion. (ECF
15 No. 6). The deadline to respond to that motion elapsed on December 1, 2016. *See (id.)*; *see also*
16 LR 7-2(b).

17 *Pro se* plaintiff Ebony Biddle ("Biddle") did not submit a timely response to that motion;
18 instead, Biddle submitted a notice of bankruptcy on December 5, 2016. (ECF No. 9). That filing
19 asserts that "[p]ursuant to 11 U.S.C. Section 362, the above-captioned matter is [automatically
20 stayed] as against [Biddle]." (ECF No. 9 at 1).

21 On December 14, 2016, BANA responded to the notice of bankruptcy, arguing that the
22 bankruptcy code's automatic stay does not apply here "[b]ecause this action was filed by Plaintiff
23 for affirmative damages and relief against BANA, and BANA has lodged no counterclaims against
24 Plaintiff." (ECF No. 13 at 1). BANA contends that this action is not one "against the debtor," per
25 11 U.S.C. § 362(a) and requests this court to grant its motion to dismiss as unopposed pursuant to
26 Local Rule 7-2(d). (*Id.* at 1–2).

27 As an initial matter, this court agrees with BANA's argument that plaintiff's automatic stay
28 does not prevent adjudication of BANA's motion to dismiss. *See In re White*, 186 B.R. 700, 704

1 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 1995) (“[T]he primary purpose of § 362 is not applicable to offensive actions by
2 the debtor in possession or bankruptcy trustee.); *see also In re Merrick*, 175 B.R. 333, 336–37
3 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 1994) (citing *Martin–Trigona v. Champion Fed. Sav. & Loan Ass’n.*, 892 F.2d
4 575, 577 (7th Cir. 1989) (considering the purpose of the automatic stay within debtor-initiated
5 litigation)). Therefore, this court considers BANA’s motion to dismiss as unopposed and will
6 proceed accordingly.

7 The local rules have the force of law. *See United States v. Hvass*, 355 U.S. 570, 574–575
8 (1958). Under Local Rule 7-2(d), “[t]he failure of an opposing party to file points and authorities
9 in response to any motion . . . constitutes a consent to the granting of the motion.” The Ninth
10 Circuit instructs that a district court must weigh several factors before granting a motion filed
11 pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12 because a party failed to comply with a local rule:
12 “(1) the public’s interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court’s need to manage its
13 docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring disposition of
14 cases o[n] their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic sanctions.” *Ghazali v. Moran*, 46
15 F.3d 52, 53 (9th Cir. 1995) (quoting *Henderson v. Duncan*, 779 F.2d 1421, 1423 (9th Cir. 1986))
16 (discussing a Nevada local rule construing a failure to oppose a motion as effectively consenting
17 to the granting of that motion); *see also Martinez v. Stanford*, 323 F.3d 1178, 1183 (9th Cir. 2003)
18 (indicating that *Ghazali* provides the applicable rule for evaluating a Rule 12 motion to dismiss in
19 light of a local rule authorizing dismissal).

20 This court finds that granting BANA’s motion to dismiss would protect the public’s interest
21 in the expeditious resolution of litigation. *See Ghazali*, 46 F.3d at 53. This court also finds that
22 granting BANA’s motion to dismiss would permit the court to effectively manage its docket. *See*
23 *id.* Additionally, BANA would be prejudiced if the court did not rule on the present motion
24 because it would be forced to wait for Biddle—who initiated this case—to resolve the present
25 action. *See id.*

26 This court acknowledges the public policy favoring the disposition of cases on their merits.
27 *See id.* However, dismissal is an appropriate sanction in this circumstance because more than half
28 of a year has elapsed since the expiration of Biddle’s response deadline, and Biddle has yet to file


1 an opposition to BANA's motion to dismiss. Indeed, "pro se litigants are bound by the rules of
2 procedure." *Id.* at 54.

3 Weighing the *Henderson* factors, this court finds that defendant's motion to dismiss will
4 be granted pursuant to Local Rule 7-2(d). *See id.* at 53.

5 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that the motion to dismiss
6 (ECF No. 4) be, and the same hereby is, GRANTED, without prejudice.

7 The clerk shall enter judgment accordingly and close the case.

8 DATED August 1, 2017.

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE